

School District of Borough of Morrisville Morrisville, Pennsylvania Bucks County

Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of School Directors School District of Borough of Morrisville Morrisville, Pennsylvania

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of School District of Borough of Morrisville, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise School District of Borough of Morrisville's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of School District of Borough of Morrisville, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of School District of Borough of Morrisville, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Change in Accounting Principle**

As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, School District of Borough of Morrisville adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases". Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about School District of Borough of Morrisville's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about School District of Borough of Morrisville's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule – General Fund, the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - PSERS and pension plan contributions - PSERS, schedule of changes in OPEB liability single-employer plan, and the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability - PSERS and OPEB plan contributions - PSERS on pages 4 through 13 and 48 through 53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Report on Summarized Comparative Information**

We have previously audited School District of Borough of Morrisville 's 2021 financial statements, and our report dated February 16, 2022 expressed unmodified opinions on those audited financial statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

# **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise School District of Borough of Morrisville's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 22, 2023, on our consideration of School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BBD, LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania May 22, 2023

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

# June 30, 2022

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the financial performance of the School District of Borough of Morrisville (the "District") provides an overview of the District's financial performance for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and related notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

## **DISTRICT PROFILE**

The District consists of two schools – one elementary and an intermediate/high school consisting of approximately 1,045 students including those attending the Bucks County Tech High School and other out-of-District placements. The District is located in southeastern Bucks County and encompasses a total land area of 1.8 square miles. The District borders the Delaware River to the east, the Township of Falls to the south and west, and the Township of Lower Makefield to the north, and lies approximately 20 miles northeast of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. The District employs approximately 125 full and part-time employees. The teaching staff and administration consists of 72 professionals.

The mission of the District is to prepare confident students who are knowledgeable and capable of utilizing academic and social skills necessary to thrive in a complex society by providing a superior education in a stimulating, secure environment through the effective use of challenging instructional strategies, technology and extra-curricular activities that are designed to meet the needs of individual students, capitalizing upon its unique position as a small district within a large area rich in historic and cultural resources.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- On a government-wide basis, including all governmental activities and business-type activities, the liabilities and
  deferred inflows of resources exceed the assets and deferred outflows of resources resulting in a deficit in total
  net position at the close of the 2021-2022 fiscal year of \$22,107,883. During the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the
  District had an increase in total net position of \$831,483. The net position of governmental activities increased by
  \$669,822 and net position of business-type activities increased by \$161,661.
- The General Fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$145,445, bringing the cumulative balance to a deficit of \$1,604,186 at the conclusion of the 2021-2022 fiscal year.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

# June 30, 2022

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

#### Governmental Activities

Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, support services, maintenance, transportation and administration.

# **Business-Type Activities**

The District charges fees to cover the costs of its food services program.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Pages 14 and 15 of this report.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the District's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are included in the governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the governmental near-term financing decisions. Both the *Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds* provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds for each of the two major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on Pages 16 through 19 of this report.

## **Proprietary Funds**

The District maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Food Service Fund is reported as an enterprise fund of the proprietary fund type. The Internal Service Fund is used to accumulate and allocate certain costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses an Internal Service Fund to account for its participation in a consortium with other participating school districts and educational agencies to provide self-insurance programs for health and prescription coverage. Because an Internal Service Fund predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

# June 30, 2022

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Pages 20 through 22 of this report.

# Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, consisting of scholarship and student activity funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose and by those to whom the assets belong. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Pages 23 and 24 of this report.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on Pages 25 through 47 of this report.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information which consists of the budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability-PSERS and pension plan contributions-PSERS, schedule of changes in OPEB liability single-employer plan, and the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability-PSERS and OPEB plan contributions-PSERS.

The required supplementary information can be found on Pages 48 through 53 of this report.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted above, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial condition. At the close of the 2021-2022 fiscal year the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded the assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$22,107,883. The following table presents condensed information for the *Statement of Net Position (Deficit)* of the District at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type ⁄ities	Totals		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
ASSETS Current assets Noncurrent assets	\$ 4,039,125 	\$ 2,819,793 14,347,560	\$274,100 <u>3,522</u>	\$124,079 4,882	\$ 4,313,225 13,708,525	\$ 2,943,872 14,352,442	
Total assets	17,744,128	17,167,353	277,622	128,961	18,021,750	17,296,314	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,637,598	5,451,956			4,637,598	5,451,956	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	4,319,142 34,873,128	3,302,168 40,330,319	22,303	35,303	4,341,445 34,873,128	3,337,471 40,330,319	
Total liabilities	39,192,270	43,632,487	22,303	35,303	39,214,573	43,667,790	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,552,658	2,019,846			5,552,658	2,019,846	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	3,661,999 11,105 (26,036,306)	3,873,539 2,405 (26,908,968)	3,522 - 251,797	4,882 - 88,776	3,665,521 11,105 (25,784,509)	3,878,421 2,405 (26,820,192)	
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$(22,363,202</u> )	<u>\$(23,033,024)</u>	<u>\$255,319</u>	\$ 93,658	<u>\$(22,107,883</u> )	<u>\$(22,939,366</u> )	

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

# June 30, 2022

The District's total assets as of June 30, 2022 were \$18,021,750 of which \$735,534 or 4.08% consisted of cash and \$13,708,525 or 76.07% consisted of the District's investment in capital assets. The District's total liabilities as of June 30, 2022 were \$39,214,573 of which \$9,907,137 or 25.26% consisted of general obligation debt used to acquire and construct capital assets and \$22,293,804 or 56.85% consisted of the actuarially determined net pension liability.

The District had a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$25,784,509 at June 30, 2022. The District's unrestricted net position increased by \$1,035,683 during 2021-2022 primarily due to the current results of operations and the change in the net pension liability and relate deferred outflows and inflows.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its restricted net position which totaled \$11,105 as of June 30, 2022. All of the District's restricted net position related to amounts restricted for capital expenditures.

The largest portion of the District's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District's net investment in capital assets decreased by \$212,900 because the District's capital assets were being depreciated faster than the debt used to acquire the capital assets was being repaid.

The following table presents condensed information for the Statement of Activities of the District for 2022 and 2021:

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type ⁄ities	Totals		
	2022	<u>2021</u>	2022	2021	2022	<u>2021</u>	
REVENUES							
Program revenues							
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 53,565	\$ 67,560	\$ 7,755	\$ 2,814			
contributions	6,293,905	5,945,485	547,859	220,208	6,841,764	6,165,693	
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	
General revenues							
Property taxes levied for general							
purposes	13,725,486	13,353,196	-	-	13,725,486	13,353,196	
Other taxes	315,147	291,973	-	-	315,147	291,973	
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific							
programs	3,647,498	3,539,026	-	-	3,647,498	3,539,026	
Investment earnings	1,561	4,596			1,561	4,596	
Total revenues	24,037,162	23,201,836	555,614	223,022	24,592,776	23,424,858	
EXPENSES							
Instruction	17,231,543	17,464,049	-	-	17,231,543	17,464,049	
Instructional student support services Administrative and financial support	1,260,412	1,728,960	-	-	1,260,412	1,728,960	
services	2,290,390	2,483,925	-	-	2,290,390	2,483,925	
Operation and maintenance of plant							
services	1,247,326	1,570,770	-	-	1,247,326	1,570,770	
Pupil transportation	656,692	720,383	-	-	656,692	720,383	
Student activities	266,950	183,998	-	-	266,950	183,998	
Community services	119,635	23,251	-	-	119,635	23,251	
Interest and amortization expense	000 044	004.004			000 044	224 224	
related to noncurrent liabilities	288,914	281,384	-	-	288,914	281,384	
Food service			<u>399,431</u>	211,689	399,431	211,689	
Total expenses	23,361,862	24,456,720	399,431	211,689	23,761,293	24,668,409	

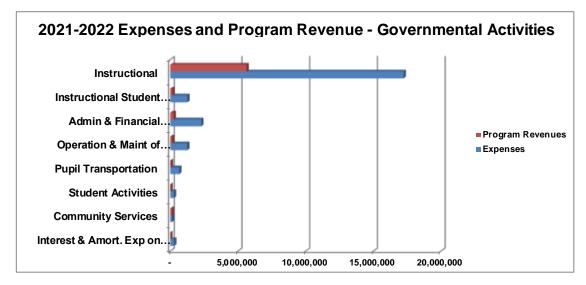
# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2022

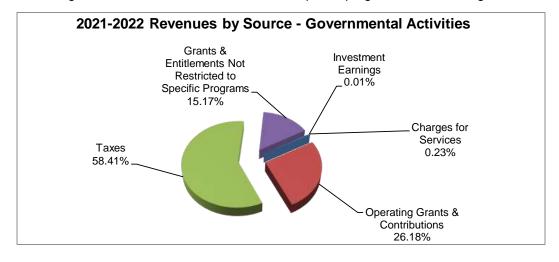
Change in net position (deficit) before transfers		675,300	(1,254,884)	156,183	11,333	831,483	3 (1,243,551)
Transfers		<u>(5,478</u> )		5,478			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	<u>\$</u>	669,822	<u>\$ (1,254,884</u> )	<u>\$161,661</u>	\$ 11,33 <u>3</u>	\$ 831,483	3 <u>\$ (1,243,551</u> )

Overall, the District's financial position has been improving but challenges such as increased medical costs, pension contributions, state-mandated programs and negotiated contracts have a potential to offset these gains in future fiscal years. In the governmental activities, the District's assessed tax base drives the majority of the revenue generated. The District consists solely of the Borough of Morrisville which has little commercial or industrial tax revenue and limited opportunity to expand its property tax base.

The Statement of Activities provides detail that focuses on how the District finances its services. The Statement of Activities compares the costs of the District functions and programs with the resources those functions and programs generate themselves in the form of program revenues. As demonstrated by the following graph, all of the District's governmental activities are not self-supporting, raising enough program revenue to cover their costs, as most traditional governmental services are not.



To the degree that the District's functions or programs cost more than they raise, the *Statement of Activities* shows how the District chose to finance the difference through general revenues. The following chart shows that the District relies on tax revenues and grants and entitlements not restricted for specific programs to finance its governmental activities.



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2022

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

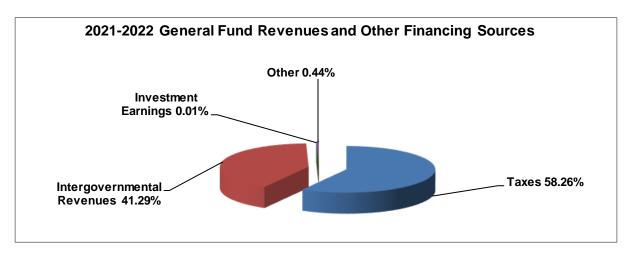
The governmental fund financial statements provide detailed information of the District's major funds. Some funds are required to be established by State statute while other funds are established by the District to manage monies restricted for a specific purpose. As of June 30, 2022, the District's governmental funds reported a combined deficit in fund balance of \$1,593,054 which is a decrease of \$136,746 from the prior year. The following table summarizes the District's total governmental fund balances as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 and the total 2022 change in governmental fund balances.

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	\$ Change
General Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$(1,604,186) 11,132	\$(1,458,741) 2,433	\$(145,445) 8,699
,	\$(1,593,054)	<u>\$(1,456,308)</u>	<u>\$(136,746)</u>

## **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. At the conclusion of the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the General Fund fund balance was a deficit of \$1,604,186 representing a decrease of \$145,445 in relation to the prior year. The decrease in the District's General Fund fund balance is due to many factors. The following analysis has been provided to assist the reader in understanding the financial activities of the General Fund during the 2021-2022 fiscal year.

The District's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the graph below that indicates 58.26% of General Fund revenues are derived from local taxes.



# General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Uses

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	\$ Change	% Change
Taxes	\$14,014,883	\$13,690,455	\$324,428	2.37
Intergovernmental revenues	9,933,310	9,484,511	448,799	4.73
Investment earnings	1,548	3,281	(1,733)	(52.82)
Other	106,283	75,385	30,898	40.99
	<u>\$24,056,024</u>	<u>\$23,253,632</u>	\$802,392	3.45

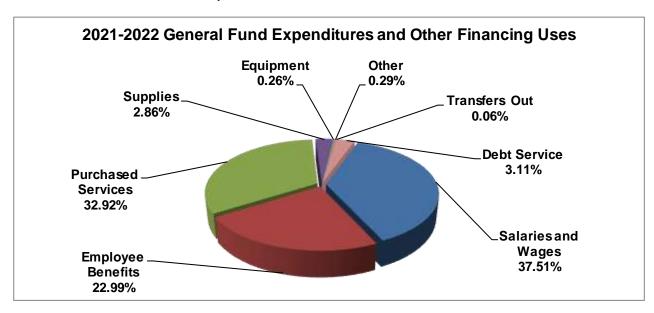
Tax revenue increased by \$324,428 or 2.37% primarily due to a real estate tax millage increase of 2.70% in 2021-2022.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

# June 30, 2022

Intergovernmental revenues increased by \$448,799 or 4.73% in 2021-2022 when compared to 2020-2021, primarily due to a \$1,000,000 appropriation from the state for the Ready to Learn block grant.

As the graph below illustrates, the largest portion of General Fund expenditures are for salaries and benefits. The District is an educational service entity and as such is labor intensive.



# General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	\$ Change	% Change
Salaries and wages	\$ 9,078,984	\$ 8,700,424	\$378,560	4.35
Employee benefits	5,564,680	5,369,991	194,689	3.63
Purchased services	7,967,687	7,994,997	(27,310)	(0.34)
Supplies	691,343	700,013	(8,670)	(1.24)
Equipment	62,735	102,284	(39,549)	(38.67)
Other	68,601	53,990	14,611	27.06
Debt service	751,961	646,127	105,834	16.38
Transfers out	<u> 15,478</u>		<u> 15,478</u>	100.00
	<u>\$24,201,469</u>	<u>\$23,567,826</u>	<u>\$633,643</u>	2.69

Salaries and wages increased by \$378,560 or 4.35% in 2021-2022 compared to 2020-2021 primarily as a result of scheduled salary increases within the District's collective bargaining and other employment agreements with various employee groups.

Employee benefits increased by \$194,689 or 3.36% in 2021-2022 compared to 2020-2021 primarily due to an increase in the required annual retirement contribution to 34.94% in 2021-2022 from 34.51% in 2020-2021.

# **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND**

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for construction and renovation activity associated with the District's building and major equipment purchases. The Capital Projects Fund receives the majority of its revenues from the issuance of general obligation debt and transfers from the General Fund. During 2021-2022, the Capital Projects Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$8,699. The remaining fund balance of \$11,132 as of June 30, 2022 is restricted for future capital expenditures.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2022

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGET INFORMATION**

The District maintains its financial records and prepares its financial reports on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District budgets and expends funds according to procedures mandated by the Pennsylvania Department of Education. An annual operating budget is prepared by management and submitted to the School Board for approval prior to the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1 each year. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$998,602 or 4.33% more than budgeted amounts and actual expenditures and the budgetary reserve were \$1,144,047 or 4.96% more than budgeted amounts. Major budgetary highlights for 2021-2022 were as follows:

- Total state source revenues were \$896,689 more than budgeted amounts due to an unbudgeted \$1,000,000 Ready to Learn grant.
- Total federal source revenues were \$645,705 more than budgeted amounts due to appropriations through the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund ("ESSER") that were expended but not budgeted related to the District's response efforts to COVID-19.
- Total expenditures and the budgetary reserve were \$1,728,569 more than budget primarily due to additional expenditures incurred related to the unbudgeted state and federal appropriations noted above.

## **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES AND FOOD SERVICE FUND**

The net position of the business-type activities and food service fund increased by \$161,661. As of June 30, 2022, the business-type activities and proprietary fund had net position of \$255,319.

# **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The District's investment in capital asset for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$13,708,525 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land improvements, buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment. The total decrease in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$643,917 or 4.49%. Current year capital additions were \$82,500 and depreciation expense was \$726,417.

#### **NONCURRENT LIABILITIES**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total general obligation debt of \$9,907,137 consisting of \$7,090,000 in bonds payable and \$2,844,000 in notes payable net of unamortized bond discounts of \$26,863. The entire amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the District. General obligation debt was issued to finance capital expenditures or to finance the retirement (refund) of prior obligation debt. The District's general obligation debt decreased by \$472,045 or 4.55% during the fiscal year.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the District may issue up to 225% of its borrowing base capacity which is calculated as the annual arithmetic average of the total revenues for the preceding three fiscal years. The District's outstanding general obligation debt of \$9,907,137 is within the current debt limitation of the District which was \$51,738,568 as of June 30, 2022.

The District reports its allocated portion of its defined benefit unfunded benefit obligation related to its participation in the Pennsylvania State Employee Retirement System ("PSERS"). The District's allocated portion of the net pension liability is an actuarially determined estimate of the unfunded cost of the pension plan obligation which totaled \$22,293,804 as of June 30, 2022. The District's net pension liability decreased by \$5,329,284 or 19.29% during the fiscal year.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

# June 30, 2022

The District reports a liability for its other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") related to its single employer OPEB plan and its participation in the PSERS health insurance premium assistance program. The District's OPEB liability is an actuarially determined estimate of the unfunded cost of the OPEB obligation which totaled \$1,928,482 as of June 30, 2022. The District's OPEB liability decreased by \$17,489 or 0.90% during the fiscal year.

Other noncurrent liabilities consist of the District's liabilities for leases payable, compensated absences, and early retirement incentive plans which totaled \$743,705 as of June 30, 2022. These liabilities increased by \$361,627 or 94.65% during the fiscal year.

### **FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- In 2006, Act 1 was passed which repealed Act 72, which provides taxpayer relief through gambling revenues generated at the State level. The intent of this legislation is to provide a mechanism to relieve the burden of funding public education from property owners. This new legislation has put a "ceiling" on the percentage increase of local real estate taxes that can be levied year-to-year in order to balance the school district budget. Pennsylvania school districts are now required to either change their taxing strategies to make up for the shortfall of increased real estate tax refunds or seek the taxpayers' approval through back-end referendum to increase taxes higher than the approved index. This law puts an already increased burden on the District's revenue stream in future years. This legislation introduces certain new requirements on school districts which include the following:
  - That in the event a school district wishes to increase the property tax millage rate by more than an index annually prescribed by the state (3.60% for 2022-2023), the school district must seek voter approval (known commonly as a "back-end referendum") prior to implementing the millage rate increase. In the event voters do not approve the millage rate increase, the school district must limit its millage rate increase to the index.
  - Certain exceptions are provided under Act 1 that, if approved by the appropriate authority, may permit
    increases above the Act 1 index without the need for a back-end referendum. Typically, these exceptions
    relate to emergencies and cost increases in excess of the Act 1 index (e.g., retirement system contributions,
    special education expenditures) over which the school district has no control.
  - Any revenues distributed under the provisions of Act 1 are to be used for the purpose of reducing property taxes for homesteaders and farmsteaders. (Act 1 permitted slot machine gambling in Pennsylvania.)
- In November 2010, and again in 2017, legislation was signed into law to implement a series of actuarial and funding changes to the Public School Employees' Retirement System ("PSERS"). The 2017 law was effective July of 2019. The law changed the pension plans for all new hires effective July 1, 2019. It does not impact the pension benefits of current or retired PSERS members. Based on available projections, school districts will not see relief from the new legislation until 10-20 years in the future. The employer contribution rate for 2023-2024 is projected at 34.00%. Currently, the employer contribution rate for 2022-2023 is 35.26%.
- The District adopted a balanced 2022-2023 budget totaling \$22,997,858 and the real estate tax millage was increased by 3.01% to 239.0343 mills.
- For 2022-2023, the District received an additional appropriation from the Pennsylvania Department of Education in the amount of \$1,000,000 through the Ready to Learn grant.
- The District is anticipating a potential increase in special education compensatory education and services due to disruptions in normal District operations that were as a result of COVID-19, which in part have been offset by appropriations from ESSER funding.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

# June 30, 2022

- The District's collective bargaining agreements with the Morrisville Education Association expires at the
  conclusion of the 2022-2023 school year while the Morrisville Educational Support Personnel Association expired
  at the conclusion of the 2020-2021 school year and was extended for one year through 2021-2022. A new
  collective bargaining agreement with the Morrisville Educational Support Personnel Association was ratified
  effective July 1, 2022 and expires at the conclusion of the 2024-2025 school year.
- The District returned to full in person learning for the 2021-2022 school year with operational and educational expenditures returning to pre-COVID-19 levels.

In response to COVID-19 the Federal government has passed three pieces of legislation known as the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act ("CRRSA") and the American Rescue Plan ("ARPA") to provide funding to schools to mitigate the impact of COVID-19 through the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief ("ESSER"). The District has been appropriated approximately \$2.9 million in ESSER funding to be passed-through the Pennsylvania Department of Education which will be used to coordinate preparedness and response efforts to COVID-19 and can be utilized through September 30, 2024.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Business Administrator, School District of Borough of Morrisville, 550 West Palmer Street, Morrisville, PA 19067-2195.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Governmental	Business-type	Totals			
	Activities	Activities	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>		
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 584,449	\$ 151,085	\$ 735,534			
Taxes receivable	494,805	-	494,805	479,398		
Due from other governments Internal balances	2,031,255 (19,187)	95,329 19,187	2,126,584	827,562		
Other receivables	2,316	-	2,316	2,316		
Prepaid expenses	945,487	-	945,487	609,850		
Inventories		8,499	8,499	5,172		
Total current assets	4,039,125	274,100	4,313,225	2,943,872		
NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Capital assets, net	13,705,003	3,522	13,708,525	14,352,442		
Total assets	17,744,128	277,622	18,021,750	17,296,314		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charges OPEB - single employer	297,102	-	297,102	343,277		
Deferred charges on proportionate share of OPEB - PSERS	275,403	-	275,403	207,049		
Deferred charges on proportionate share of pension - PSERS	4,065,093		4,065,093	4,901,630		
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,637,598		4,637,598	5,451,956		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	1,518,581	22,303	1,540,884	1,175,384		
Accrued salaries, payroll withholdings and benefits Other liabilities	2,692,120	-	2,692,120	2,116,676 14,262		
Unearned revenues	77,674	_	77,674	- 1,202		
Accrued interest payable	30,767		30,767	31,149		
Total current liabilities	4,319,142	22,303	4,341,445	3,337,471		
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
Due within one year	736,013	-	736,013	499,925		
Due in more than one year	34,137,115		34,137,115	39,830,394		
Total noncurrent liabilities	34,873,128		34,873,128	40,330,319		
Total liabilities	39,192,270	22,303	39,214,573	43,667,790		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred credits OPEB - single employer	176,658	-	176,658	84,846		
Deferred credits on proportionate share of OPEB - PSERS	96,000	-	96,000	91,000		
Deferred credits on proportionate share of pension - PSERS	5,280,000	<del>-</del>	5,280,000	1,844,000		
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,552,658		5,552,658	2,019,846		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	0.004.005	2 - 22	0.00= =0:	0.070.45		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	3,661,999 11,105	3,522	3,665,521 11,105	3,878,421 2,405		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(26,036,306)		(25,784,509)	(26,820,192)		
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (22,363,202)	\$ 255,319	\$ (22,107,883)	\$ (22,939,366)		

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

					Net (Expense) Revenue and			
			Program Rever			<u>Changes in Net P</u>	osition (Deficit)	
		Charges	Operating	Capital				_
	F	for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	Tot	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Services</u>	Contributions	<u>Contributions</u>	Activities	Activities	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Instruction	¢ 47 004 E40	¢ 40 040	¢ 5 500 400	\$ -	Ф (44 GOO GO4)	r.	Ф (44 COO OO4)	Φ (40 044 0 <del>7</del> 0)
	\$ 17,231,543	\$ 48,240	\$5,580,482	\$ -	\$ (11,602,821)	\$ -		\$ (12,014,278)
Instructional student support services	1,260,412	-	161,424	-	(1,098,988)	-	(1,098,988)	(1,523,074)
Administrative and financial support services	2,290,390	-	250,296	-	(2,040,094)	-	(2,040,094)	(2,264,413)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,247,326	1,935	132,759	-	(1,112,632)	-	(1,112,632)	(1,482,605)
Pupil transportation	656,692	-	40,530	-	(616,162)	-	(616,162)	(684,064)
Student activities	266,950	3,390	11,570	-	(251,990)	-	(251,990)	(170,606)
Community services	119,635	-	116,844	-	(2,791)	-	(2,791)	(23,251)
Interest and amortization expense related to							,	
noncurrent liabilities	288,914				(288,914)		(288,914)	(281,384)
Total governmental activities	23,361,862	53,565	6,293,905		_(17,014,392)		(17,014,392)	(18,443,675)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Food service	399,431	7,755	547,859	-	-	156,183	156,183	11,333
Total primary government	\$23,761,293	\$ 61,320	\$6,841,764	\$ -	(17,014,392)	156,183	(16,858,209)	(18,432,342)
GENERAL REVENUES								
Property taxes levied for general purposes					13,725,486	-	13,725,486	13,353,196
Other taxes					315,147	_	315,147	291,973
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific					0.0,		0.0,	20.,0.0
programs					3,647,498	_	3,647,498	3,539,026
Investment earnings					1,561	_	1,561	4,596
TRANSFERS					(5,478)	5,478	-	-,555
								<u>-</u> _
Total general revenues					17,684,214	5,478	17,689,692	17,188,791
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					669,822	161,661	831,483	(1,243,551)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)								
Beginning of year					(23,033,024)	93,658	(22,939,366)	(21,695,815)
End of year					\$ (22,363,202)	\$255,319	\$ (22,107,883)	\$ (22,939,366)

# **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Major Fu					
	General	Capital Projects	To	Totals		
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	2022	2021		
ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 573,317	\$11,132	\$ 584,449	\$ 952,323		
Taxes receivable	494,805	-	494,805	479,398		
Due from other governments	2,031,255	-	2,031,255	775,906		
Prepaid items	22,665	-	22,665	-		
Other receivables	2,316		2,316	2,316		
Total assets	\$ 3,124,358	<u>\$11,132</u>	\$ 3,135,490	\$ 2,209,943		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,518,581	\$ -	\$ 1,518,581	\$ 1,140,081		
Due to other funds	19,187	-	19,187	-		
Accrued salaries, payroll withholdings	0.000.400		0.000.400	0.440.070		
and benefits Unearned revenues	2,692,120	-	2,692,120	2,116,676		
Other liabilities	77,674	-	77,674	2,116,676 14,262		
	4 207 500		4 207 500			
Total liabilities	4,307,562		4,307,562	5,387,695		
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	420,982	-	420,982	395,232		
,				- <u></u> -		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items	22,665	-	22,665	-		
Restricted for		44.400	44.400	0.400		
Capital projects Unassigned (deficit)	- (1,626,851)	11,132 -	11,132 (1,626,851)	2,433 (1,458,741)		
• ,						
Total fund balances (deficit)	(1,604,186)	11,132	(1,593,054)	(1,456,308)		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 3,124,358	<u>\$11,132</u>	\$ 3,135,490	\$ 4,326,619		

# RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

# June 30, 2022

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$ (1,593,054)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (deficit) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	13,705,003
Some of the District's property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental funds balance sheet.	420,982
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are not reported as assets and liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet.	(915,060)
Noncurrent liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet.	(34,873,128)
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is included in the statement of net position (deficit), but is excluded from the governmental funds balance sheet until due and payable.	(30,767)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of health and prescription insurance premiums and claims to the General Fund. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities on the government-	
wide statement of net position (deficit).	922,822
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (22,363,202)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Major Fu			
	General	Capital Projects	Tot	als
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
REVENUES	<b>*</b> 44 400 <b>7</b> 44	<b>A</b> 44	<b>#</b> 4.4.400 <b>7</b> 00	<b>4.10.770.400</b>
Local sources	\$ 14,122,714	\$ 14	\$ 14,122,728	\$ 13,770,436
State sources Federal sources	7,582,424 2,350,886	-	7,582,424 2,350,886	6,287,631 3,196,880
Total revenues	24,056,024	14	24,056,038	23,254,947
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction	17,399,853	-	17,399,853	16,614,989
Support services	5,640,570	82,500	5,723,070	6,154,888
Operation of noninstructional services	385,542	-	385,542	196,237
Facilities acquisition, construction and improvement services				
Debt service	760,026	- 1,315	761,341	- 654,712
Total expenditures	24,185,991	83,815	24,269,806	23,620,826
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(129,967)	(1,301)	(213,768)	(365,879)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of refunding debt	-	_	_	2,353,000
Payment of refunding debt	-	-	-	(2,300,000)
Proceeds from extended term financing	-	82,500	82,500	-
Transfers in (out)	(15,478)	10,000	(5,478)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(15,478)	92,500	77,022	53,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(145,445)	8,699	(136,746)	(312,879)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Beginning of year	(1,458,741)	2,433	(1,456,308)	(1,143,429)
End of year	\$ (1,604,186)	\$11,132	\$ (1,593,054)	\$ (1,456,308)

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# Year ended June 30, 2022

Total Clided Guile GO, 2022		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ (136,746)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense	\$ 82,500 (725,057)	(642,557)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources decreased by this amount this year.		
Deferred inflows of resources June 30, 2021 Deferred inflows of resources June 30, 2022	(395,232) 420,982	25,750
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the change in net position of governmental activities. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when long-term debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Repayment of bonds and notes payable Proceeds from extended term financing Repayment of extended term financing Amortization of bond premiums and discounts	481,000 (82,500) 41,472 (8,955)	431,017
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Current year change in accrued interest payable Current year change in early retirement incentive Current year change in compensated absences Current year change in net pension liability - PSERS and	382 (244,112) (76,487)	
deferred outflows and inflows Current year change in OPEB liability - single employer and	1,056,747	
deferred outflows and inflows Current year change in net OPEB liability - PSERS and deferred outflows and inflows	(36,842) (20,302)	679,386
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of health and prescription insurance premiums and claims to the General Fund. The change in net position of the Internal Service Fund is included in the governmental activities on the		
government-wide statement of net position (deficit).		312,972
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 669,822

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Major Fund Food Service	Internal Service	Tota	als
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u> 2021</u>
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 151,085	\$ -	\$ 151,085	\$ 67,251
Due from other funds	19,187	-	19,187	-
Due from other governments	95,329	-	95,329	51,656
Prepaid expenses	-	922,822	922,822	609,850
Inventories	8,499		8,499	5,172
Total current assets	274,100	922,822	1,196,922	733,929
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Capital assets, net	3,522		3,522	4,882
Total assets	277,622	922,822	1,200,444	738,811
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	22,303		22,303	35,303
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	3,522	-	3,522	4,882
Unrestricted	251,797	922,822	1,174,619	698,626
Total net position	\$ 255,319	\$922,822	\$1,178,141	\$703,508

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Major Fund Food Service	Internal Service	Tot	als
	Fund	Fund	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUES			<del></del>	
Charges for services	<u>\$ 7,755</u>	\$ 1,622,613	\$1,630,368	\$1,629,153
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Employee benefits	-	1,309,641	1,309,641	1,494,650
Purchased services	239,362	-	239,362	132,332
Supplies	158,449	-	158,449	77,730
Other	260	-	260	180
Depreciation	1,360		1,360	1,447
Total operating expenses	399,431	1,309,641	1,709,072	1,706,339
Operating income (loss)	(391,676)	312,972	(78,704)	(77,186)
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
State sources	13,872	-	13,872	7,494
Federal sources	533,987		533,987	212,714
Total nonoperating revenues	547,859		547,859	220,208
Change in net position before transfers	156,183	312,972	469,155	143,022
Transfers in	5,478		5,478	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	161,661	312,972	474,633	143,022
NET POSITION				
Beginning of year	93,658	609,850	703,508	560,486
End of year	\$ 255,319	\$ 922,822	\$1,178,141	\$ 703,508

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Major Fund Food Service	Internal Service	Tot	als
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ 7755	Φ.	φ 7755	Φ 0.044
Cash received from customers  Cash received for assessments made to other funds	\$ 7,755 -	\$ - 1,622,613	\$ 7,755 1,622,613	\$ 2,814 1,626,339
Cash payments for operating expenses	(405,153)	1,022,010	(405,153)	(219,335)
Cash payments for insurance claims		(1,622,613)	(1,622,613)	(1,626,339)
Net cash used for operating activities	(397,398)		(397,398)	(216,521)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
State sources	13,152	-	13,152	6,339
Federal sources	462,602	-	462,602	163,077
Transfers in	5,478		5,478	<u> </u>
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	481,232		481,232	169,416
Net increase (decrease) in cash	83,834	-	83,834	(47,105)
CASH				
Beginning of year	67,251		67,251	114,356
End of year	<u>\$ 151,085</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 151,085	\$ 67,251
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (391,676)	\$ 312,972	\$ (78,704)	\$ (77,186)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash used for operating activities				
Depreciation	1,360	-	1,360	1,447
Donated commodities used	28,432	-	28,432	19,118
(Increase) decrease in				
Due from other funds	(19,187)	-	(19,187)	<u>-</u>
Prepaid expenses Inventories	(3,327)	(312,972)	(312,972) (3,327)	(131,689) 1,478
Increase (decrease) in	(40.000)		(40,000)	(00.000)
Accounts payable	(13,000)	<del>-</del>	(13,000)	(29,689)
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (397,398)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (397,398)	\$ (216,521)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE				
Noncash noncapital financing activity				
USDA donated commodities	<u>\$ 28,432</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 28,432	<u>\$ 19,118</u>

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Private- Purpose	Custodial	То	tals
	Trust	Fund	2022	2021
ASSETS				
Cash	\$20,840	\$43,084	\$63,924	\$62,811
LIABILITIES				
NET POSITION				
Restricted for scholarships	20,840	-	20,840	22,109
Restricted for student activities		43,084	43,084	40,702
Total net position	\$20,840	\$43,084	\$63,924	\$62,811

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2022 with summarized comparative totals for 2021

	Private- Purpose	Custodial	To	tals
	<u>Trust</u>	Fund	2022	<u>2021</u>
ADDITIONS				
Receipts from student groups	\$ -	\$ 33,734	\$33,734	\$ 8,688
Local contributions	75		75	1,496
Total additions	75	33,734	33,809	10,184
DEDUCTIONS				
Scholarships awarded and fees paid	1,344	-	1,344	2,368
Student activities disbursements		31,352	31,352	7,852
Total deductions	1,344	31,352	32,696	10,220
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,269)	2,382	1,113	(36)
NET POSITION				
Beginning of year	22,109	40,702	62,811	62,847
End of year	\$20,840	\$43,084	\$63,924	\$62,811

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

#### (1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The School District of Borough of Morrisville (the "District") operates one elementary school and an intermediate/high school to provide education and related services to the residents of the Borough of Morrisville. The District operates under current standards prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education in accordance with the provisions of the School Laws of Pennsylvania as a school district of the third class. The District operates under a locally elected nine-member board form of government (the "School Board").

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the authoritative standard-setting body for the establishment of governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of these accounting policies are as follows:

# Reporting Entity

GASB has established the criteria for determining the activities, organizations and functions of government to be included in the financial statements of the reporting entity. In evaluating the District as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units which may or may not fall within the District's accountability. The criteria used to evaluate component units for possible inclusion as part of the District's reporting entity are financial accountability and the nature and significance of the relationship. The District is considered to be an independent reporting entity and has no component units.

# Basis of Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position (deficit) and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flow. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared as further defined below. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements of governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of net position (deficit) presents the financial position of the District which is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and is classified in one of three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowing attributable to acquiring, constructing or improving those assets. The net position of the District is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

The statement of net position (deficit) includes separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each function of the business-type activities of the District and for each governmental function. Expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service or program and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Except for interfund activity and balances between the funds that underlie governmental activities and the funds that underlie business-type activities, which are reported as transfers and internal balances, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

#### Fund Financial Statements

During the school year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Fiduciary fund financial statements are presented by fund type.

# Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to be used for capital expenditures or for the acquisition, construction of capital facilities, improvements and/or equipment.

# Revenue Recognition

In applying the "susceptible to accrual concept" under the modified accrual basis, revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers tax revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period. Deferred inflows of resources are reported in connection with receivables for tax revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Revenue from federal, state and other grants designated for payment of specific District expenditures is recognized when the related expenditures are incurred; accordingly, when such funds are received, they are reported as unearned revenues until earned. Other receipts are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

#### **Expenditure Recognition**

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, special termination benefits, other post-employment benefits and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

# **Proprietary Funds**

Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Allocations of certain costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Food Service Fund accounts for the revenues and costs of providing meals to students during the school year.

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the District's participation in a consortium with other participating school districts and educational agencies to provide self-insurance programs for health and prescription coverage.

These funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the District's proprietary funds include payroll, employee benefits, supplies and administrative costs. All revenues or expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

# Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets and are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. The private-purpose trust fund accounts for activities in various scholarship accounts, whose sole purpose is to provide annual scholarships to particular students as described by donor stipulations. Custodial funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of individuals and/or government units and are, therefore, not available to support the District's own programs. The District has one custodial fund consisting of funds held on behalf of the students.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

# **Investments**

Investments are stated at fair value based upon quoted market prices, except for certificates of deposit which are recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

# Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/due from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

#### **Property Taxes**

Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in the following periods:

July 1 – August 31 - Discount period, 2% of gross levy September 1 – October 31 - Face period

November 1 to collection - Penalty period, 10% of gross levy

January 1 - Lien date

The Bucks County Board of Assessments determines assessed valuations of property, and the District's taxes are billed and collected by a local elected tax collector. The tax on real estate for public school purposes for fiscal 2021-2022 was 232.0721 mills (\$232.0721 for \$1,000 of assessed valuation). The District experiences very small losses from uncollectible property taxes. Property taxes constitute a lien against real property and usually can be collected in full when title transfers. Only balances that remain after tax sales are written off each year. Accordingly, an allowance for doubtful accounts has not been established by the District for property taxes receivable.

Taxpayers who have a primary residence within the District have the option of paying in three installments. These installments have the following due dates:

Installment One - August 15
Installment Two - October 15
Installment Three - December 15

The discount (two percent) is not applicable to installment payments; however, the penalty (10 percent) will be added if second and third installments are paid subsequent to the due dates.

# Prepaid Items and Inventories

Certain prepayments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

All inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

# **Unearned Revenues**

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

# **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and composite assets of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed, inclusive of ancillary costs.

Property, plant and equipment (net of salvage value) of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings and improvements – 10-50 years; land improvements – 15-20 years and furniture and equipment – 5-20 years.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

# Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The District evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. A capital asset is generally considered impaired if both (a) the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstances is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. If a capital asset is considered to be impaired, the amount of impairment should be measured by the method that most reflects the decline in service utility of the capital asset at the lower of carrying value or fair value for impaired capital assets that will no longer be used by the District. No impairment losses were recognized in the year ended June 30, 2022.

# Compensated Absences

District policies permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, personal and sick days. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a noncurrent liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is recorded in the governmental funds financial statements only to the extent they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

## Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Deferred amounts on refunding are recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized over the life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. All amounts are amortized using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources and uses. Premiums received and discounts paid on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures except for refundings paid from proceeds which are reported as other financing costs.

# **Fund Equity**

As prescribed by GASB, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent. The District reports the following fund balance classifications:

#### Nonspendable

Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – such as inventory or prepaid insurance or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact – such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.

#### Restricted

Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

# Committed

Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the School Board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action (e.g., resolution).

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

# Assigned

Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Business Administrator or (b) an appointed body (e.g., finance committee) or (c) an official to which the District has delegated the authority to assign, modify or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Assigned fund balance includes (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the General Fund) that are not classified as non-spendable, restricted or committed, and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue fund or the capital projects fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type.

# Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents General Fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources—committed, assigned or unassigned—in order as needed.

The School Board has set a policy to maintain an unassigned General Fund fund balance of not less than 0.50% and a maximum General Fund fund balance of 15% of the following year's expenditure budget. Unassigned General Fund fund balance in excess of 0.50% of the following year's expenditure budget may be appropriated by the School Board for nonrecurring expenditures.

# Comparative Data

Comparative totals for the prior year have been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. Certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation. However, presentation of prior year totals by fund and activity type have not been presented in each of the statements since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read. Summarized comparative information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, from which the summarized information was derived.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

# **Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements**

Effective July 1, 2021, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No.87 "Leases", GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period"; GASB Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations", and GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020".

The objective of GASB Statement No. 87 is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. GASB Statement No. 87 increases the usefulness of financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB Statement No. 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about leasing activities. As a result of the implementation of Statement No. 87, the District recognized its right-to-use lease assets and corresponding liabilities for its operating leases for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

The objectives of GASB Statement No. 89 are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting required for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest costs include all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements", which are superseded by GASB Statement No. 89. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with government fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 had no impact on the financial statements of the District for the year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 had no impact on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92 addresses a variety of topics to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 had no impact on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# **New Accounting Pronouncements**

GASB Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2023. GASB Statement No. 94 improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements ("PPP"s). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement.

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2023. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITA"s) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

# (2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## **Budgetary Information**

An annual budget is adopted prior to the beginning of each year for the General Fund on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required, although project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects fund.

The District is required to publish notice by advertisement at least once in two newspapers of general circulation in the municipalities in which it is located, and within 20 days of final action, that the proposed budget has been prepared and is available for public inspection at the administrative offices of the District. Notice that public hearings will be held on the proposed operating budget must be included in the advertisement; such hearings are required to be scheduled at least 10 days prior to when final action on adoption is taken by the School Board.

After the legal adoption of the budget, the School Board is required to file a copy of the budget with the Pennsylvania Department of Education by July 31. Additional copies of the budget also are required to be filed with the House Education Committee and the Senate Education Committee by September 15.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major object level. The School Board may make transfers of funds appropriated in any particular item of expenditure by legislative action in accordance with Pennsylvania School Code. Management may amend the budget at the sub-function/sub-object level without approval from the School Board. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Budgetary information reflected in the financial statements is presented at or below the level of budgetary control and include the effect of approved budget amendments.

# (3) DEPOSITS

State statutes authorize the District to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, time or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or in certificates of deposit when they are secured by proper bond or collateral, repurchase agreements, State Treasurer's investment pools or mutual funds.

# Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$799,458 and the bank balance was \$851,828. The District is required by state statute to deposit funds in depositories that are either banks, banking institutions or trust companies located in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. To the extent that such deposits exceed federal insurance, the depositories must pledge as collateral obligations of the United States, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any other political subdivision. Under Act 72 of 1971, as amended, the depositories may meet this collateralization requirement by pooling appropriate securities to cover all public funds on deposit. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$369,568 was collateralized by the District's depositories in accordance with Act 72 and the collateral was held by the depositories' agent in pooled public funds. The remaining cash deposits of the District are in the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust ("PLGIT"). Although not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and not subject to regulatory oversight, PLGIT acts like a money market mutual fund in that its objective is to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, is rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and is subject to independent annual audit. As of June 30, 2022, PLGIT was rated as AAA by a nationally recognized statistical rating agency.

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

# (4) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	24.4.100
Buildings and improvements	\$ 24,024,517	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,024,517
Land improvements	889,709	-	-	889,709
Furniture and equipment	<u>1,535,445</u>	82,500		<u>1,617,945</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	26,449,671	82,500		26,532,171
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(10,337,728)	(520,053)	-	(10,857,781)
Land improvements	(733,459)	(17,220)	-	(750,679)
Furniture and equipment	(1,030,924)	<u>(187,784</u> )		(1,218,708)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,102,111)	(725,057)		(12,827,168)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	<u>14,347,560</u>	<u>(642,557</u> )		13,705,003
Governmental activities, net	<u>\$ 14,347,560</u>	<u>\$(642,557</u> )	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 13,705,003</u>
Business-type activities				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 106,551	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 106,551
Less accumulated depreciation	(101,669)	(1,360)		(103,029)
Business-type activities, net	\$ 4,88 <u>2</u>	<u>\$ (1,360</u> )	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 3,522

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities	S
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Instruction	\$557,151
Instructional student support services	41,892
Administrative and financial support services	77,200
Operation and maintenance of plant services	40,299
Student activities	<u>8,515</u>
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<u>\$725,057</u>
Business-type activities	
Food service	<b>\$ 1,360</b>

# (5) INTERNAL RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Receivable To	<u>Amount</u>	Payable From	<u>Amount</u>
Food Service Fund	<b>\$19,187</b>	General Fund	<b>\$19,187</b>

Interfund balances between funds represent temporary loans recorded at year-end as the result of a final allocation of expenses.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Capital Projects Fund Food Service Fund	\$10,000 5.478	General Fund General Fund	\$10,000 5,478
Food Service Fund	<u>5,478</u> \$15,478	General Fund	<u>5,478</u> \$15,478

Transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund represent transfers to subsidize costs associated with the acquisition of capital assets, while transfers from the General Fund to the Food Service Fund represent transfers to subsidize food service operations.

#### (6) NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

The following summarizes the changes in noncurrent liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Governmental activities	Balance July 1, 2021	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance June 30, 2022	Amount Due Within One Year
General obligation debt Bonds payable Notes payable Tax revenue anticipation	\$ 7,110,000 3,305,000	\$ -	\$ 20,000 461,000	\$ 7,090,000 2,844,000	\$ 20,000 514,000
note Bond discounts	(35,818)	1,000,000	1,000,000 (8,955)	- (26,863)	(8,955)
Total general obligation debt	10,379,182	1,000,000	1,472,045	9,907,137	525,045
Other noncurrent liabilities					
Leases payable	94,867	82,500	41,472	135,895	39,266
Early retirement incentive	14,400	258,512	14,400	258,512	171,702
Compensated absences	272,811	76,487	<b>-</b>	349,298	-
OPEB liability	740,302	-	101,145	639,157	-
Net OPEB liability – PSERS	1,205,669	83,656	-	1,289,325	-
Net pension liability – PSERS	27,623,088		5,329,284	22,293,804	
Total other noncurrent liabilities	29,951,137	<u>501,155</u>	5,486,301	24,965,991	210,968
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$40,330,319	<u>\$1,501,155</u>	<u>\$6,958,346</u>	<u>\$34,873,128</u>	<u>\$736,013</u>

Noncurrent liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

#### (7) GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

General obligation debt is a direct obligation of the District from which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from unrestricted local sources. The District has not pledged any assets as collateral for general obligation debt. General obligation debt was issued to finance capital expenditures or to finance the retirement (refund) of prior general obligation debt.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

General obligation debt outstanding as of June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Description	Interest <u>Rate(s)</u>	Issue <u>Amount</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Principal <u>Outstanding</u>
General obligation bonds Series of 2017	2.00% - 3.125%	\$7,125,000	05/15/2037	\$7,090,000
General obligation notes Series of 2019 Series of 2020	3.424% 1.311%	\$800,000 \$2,353,000	12/01/2037 12/01/2025	798,000 2,046,000
Total general obligation notes				2,844,000
Total general obligation debt				\$9,934,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on these obligations is as follows:

Year ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 534,000	\$ 264,725	\$ 798,725
2024	548,000	256,950	804,950
2025	555,000	249,141	804,141
2026	563,000	241,152	804,152
2027	569,000	236,556	805,556
2028-2032	3,111,000	914,766	4,025,766
2033-2037	3,610,000	414,937	4,024,937
2038	444,000	7,601	<u>451,601</u>
	<u>\$9,934,000</u>	\$2,585,828	\$12,519,828

#### Series of 2021 Tax Revenue Anticipation Note

On July 2, 2021, the District issued a \$1,000,000 Tax Revenue Anticipation Note ("*TRAN*") with an interest rate of 1.375% which matures on June 30, 2022. The TRAN was issued as a short-term borrowing for cash flow purposes in the General Fund in anticipation of future tax revenue and was repaid in January, 2022.

#### (8) LEASES PAYABLE

The District has entered into long-term lease agreements as lessee for the use of vehicles and information technology equipment. Initial lease liabilities were recorded in the amount of \$203,030. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liabilities is \$135,895. The leases have interest rates ranging from 2.43% to 4.32% and have an estimated useful life of 5 years as of their contract commencements. The value of the assets as of June 30, 2022 is \$143,414, net of accumulated amortization of \$59,616, and is included with noncurrent assets on the statement of net position (deficit).

Future minimum lease payments under these leases are as follows:

#### Year ending June 30,

2023	\$ 45,097
2024	45.096
2025	40.846
2026	18,099
Less: amount representing interest	(13,243)
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$135,895</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

#### (9) EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PLANS

The District from time to time offers additional retirement incentives known as early retirement incentive plans ("*ERIP*") to senior permanent professional employees contemplating retirement. An ERIP is formally approved by School Board action in the year an ERIP plan is implemented.

In order for an employee to retire and participate in a District sponsored ERIP, the District must first decide whether or not to offer an ERIP in the year the employee is retiring and a specified minimum number of employees must opt into the ERIP. The District's various ERIP plans provide for the payment of specific annuity amounts to the participating retiree or the payment of a specified dollar amount to be applied toward participating retiree healthcare premiums through Medicare eligible age.

The District's liability for its ERIP plans has been reported at the discounted present value of expected future benefit payments in the government-wide financial statements. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District offered an ERIP and 5 senior permanent professional employees opted into the ERIP with a total estimated liability of \$258,512. In addition, 1 retiree received benefits under one of the District's previous ERIP plans and the District paid \$14,400 in ERIP benefits to the retiree for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### (10) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Single-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

The District's other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") include a single-employer defined benefit plan that provides medical and life insurance to certain eligible retirees and their spouses. The School Board has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The OPEB Plan does not issue any financial report and is not included in the report of any public employee retirement system or any other entity.

#### **OPEB Plan Membership**

Membership in the OPEB plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2021:

Active participants	121
Vested former participants	-
Retired participants	2
Total	<u>123</u>

#### **Funding Policy**

The District's contributions are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The contribution requirements of retirees are established and may be amended by the School Board.

#### **OPEB Liability**

The District's OPEB liability has been measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, and by rolling forward the liabilities from the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation through the measurement date. No significant events or changes in assumptions occurred between the valuation date and the fiscal year end. The OPEB liability is \$639,157, all of which is unfunded. As of June 30, 2022, the OPEB liability is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position (deficit).

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

The District's change in its OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Balances as of July 1, 2021	<u>\$ 740,302</u>
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	56,345
Interest on total OPEB liability	14,155
Difference between expected and	
actual experience	(84,062)
Changes in assumptions	(21,771)
Benefit payments	(65,812)
Net changes	(101,145)
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$ 639,157

## OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$77,399. At June 30, 2022, the District had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in assumptions Differences between expected and	\$ 71,452	\$ 98,200
actual experience	185,093	78,458
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	40,557	
	<u>\$297,102</u>	<u>\$176,658</u>

\$40,557 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

#### Year ended June 30,

2023	\$ 6,899
2024	6,899
2025	6,899
2026	6,899
2027	6,899
Thereafter	_45,392
	\$79.887

#### Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the OPEB liability for June 30, 2022, calculated using current healthcare cost trends as well as what the OPEB liability would be if health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
OPEB liability	<u>\$555,187</u>	\$639,157	<u>\$740,182</u>

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

#### Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 2.28%, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.28%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.28%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease 1.28%	Rate 2.28%	1% Increase 3.28%
OPEB Liability	\$691,678	\$639,157	\$589,200

#### **Actuarial Methods and Significant Assumptions**

The OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2022, was determined by rolling forward the OPEB Liability as of July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method entry age normal
- Discount rate 2.28% 20-year high-grade municipal rate index. The discount rate changed from 1.86% to 2.28%.
- Salary growth salary increases are composed of inflation of 2.50%, 1.00% for real wage growth and 0.00% to 2.75% for merit or seniority increases.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends –5.50% in 2020 through 2023. Rates gradually decrease from 5.40% in 2024 to 4.00% in 2075.
- Mortality rates were based on the Buck Modified 2016 projection scale to reflect mortality improvement.

#### Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of PSERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Plan Description

PSERS provides health insurance premium assistance which, is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer OPEB plan for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for health insurance premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of- pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' health options program. As of June 30, 2021, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Retirees of PSERS can participate in the health insurance premium assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 1/2 or more years of service, or
- · Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and
- Participate in the PSERS' health options program or employer-sponsored health insurance program.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

#### **Benefits Provided**

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' health options program. As of June 30, 2021, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

#### **Employer Contributions**

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was 0.80% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$65,403 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,289,325 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.0544 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0014 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the net OPEB liability is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position (deficit).

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$84,000. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$ 12,000	\$ -
137,000	17,000
3,000	-
58,000	79,000
65,403	<u> </u>
<u>\$275,403</u>	<u>\$96,000</u>
	\$ 12,000 137,000 3,000 58,000 65,403

\$65,403 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

#### Year ended June 30,

2023	\$ 27,000
2024	27,000
2025	26,000
2026	15,000
2027	6,000
Thereafter	13,000
	<u>\$114,000</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021, was determined by rolling forward the PSERS' OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method entry age normal level % of pay
- Investment return 2.18% Standard & Poor's 20-year municipal bond rate
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Premium assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 retiree tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 improvement scale.

#### Participation rate:

- Eligible retirees will elect to participate pre age 65 at 50%
- Eligible retirees will elect to participate post age 65 at 70%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period June 30, 2020.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2021.
- Cost method amount necessary to assure solvency of premium assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset valuation method: market value.
- Participation rate: 63% of eligible retirees are assumed to elect premium assistance.
- Mortality tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale.

Investments consist primarily of short term assets designed to protect the principal of the OPEB plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for health insurance premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

OPEB - Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash US core fixed income Non-US developed fixed	79.80% 17.50% <u>2.70</u> %	0.10% 0.70% (0.30%)
	<u>100.00</u> %	

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 2.18%. Under the OPEB plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of health insurance premium assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of health insurance premium assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The health insurance premium assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the OPEB plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 2.18% which represents the Standard & Poor's 20-year municipal bond rate at June 30, 2021, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

## Sensitivity of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual health insurance premium assistance. As of June 30, 2020, retirees health insurance premium assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The healthcare insurance premium assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on healthcare cost trends as depicted below.

The following presents the net OPEB liability for June 30, 2021, calculated using current healthcare cost trends as well as what net OPEB liability would be if health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	Trend Rate	<u>1% Increase</u>
District's proportionate share of			
the net OPEB liability	<u>\$1,289,179</u>	<u>\$1,289,325</u>	<u>\$1,289,440</u>

### Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.18%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.18%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.18%) than the current rate:

		Discount		
	1% Decrease 1.18%	Rate 2.18%	1% Increase 3.18%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	<u>\$1,479,662</u>	\$1,289,32 <u>5</u>	<u>\$,1,132,555</u>	

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on PSERS's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

#### (11) PENSION PLAN

#### **Plan Description**

The Pennsylvania Public School Employees' Retirement System ("PSERS") is a governmental cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in PSERS include all full-time public employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

#### **Benefits Provided**

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2.00% or 2.50%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2.00% or 2.50%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

#### **Contributions**

#### **Member Contributions**

Active members who joined PSERS prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined PSERS on or after July 22, 1983 and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2011, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.50% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect T-F membership, contribute at 10.30% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.50% and 9.50% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.30% and 12.30%.

Employees who become an active member of PSERS on or after July 1, 2019, are enrolled in a hybrid plan that has a defined benefit and defined contribution component. Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2019, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-G rate of 8.25% (base rate), including a 2.75% defined contribution component of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2019, who elect T-H membership, contribute at 7.50% (base rate), including a 3.00% defined contribution component of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-G and T-H are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause Membership Class T-G contribution rate to fluctuate between 5.50% and 8.50% and Membership Class T-H contribution rate to fluctuate between 4.50% and 7.50%. All new members can also elect a DC membership and contribute at 7.50% (base rate) to a defined contribution plan that has no defined benefit component.

#### **Employer Contributions**

The District's contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was 34.14% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$2,791,093 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$22,293,804 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.0543 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0018 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021. As of June 30, 2022, the net pension liability is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,603,000. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 16,000	\$ 293,000
Changes in assumptions	1,081,000	-
Net difference between expected and actual		
Investment earnings	-	3,549,000
Changes in proportions	177,000	1,438,000
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,791,093	
	<u>\$4,065,093</u>	\$5,280,000

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

\$2,791,093 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year ended June 30,

\$(1,166,00	2023
(1,043,00	2024
(649,00	2025
(1,148,00	2026
\$(4.006.00	

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by rolling forward PSERS's total pension liability as the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Valuation date June 30, 2020
- Actuarial cost method entry age normal level % of pay
- Investment return 7.00%, includes inflation at 2.50%
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 retiree tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 improvement scale.
- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability decreased from 7.25% as of June 30, 2020 to 7.00% as of June 30, 2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial valuation experience study that was performed for the five year period ending June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global public equity	27.00 %	5.20%
Private equity	12.00 %	7.30%
Fixed income	35.00 %	1.80%
Commodities	10.00 %	2.00%
Absolute return	8.00 %	3.10%
Infrastructure/MLPs	8.00 %	5.10%
Real estate	10.00 %	4.70%
Cash	3.00 %	0.10%
Leverage	<u>(13.00</u> )%	0.10%
	<u>100.00</u> %	

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) that the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$29,261,432</u>	<u>\$22,293,804</u>	<u>\$16,416,266</u>

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the system's website at www.psers.state.pa.us.

#### (12) JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

#### **Bucks County Technical High School**

The District and five other Bucks County school districts participate in the Bucks County Technical High School (the "BCTHS"). The BCTHS provides vocational-technical training and education to students of the participating school districts. The BCTHS is controlled by a joint board comprised of representative school board members of the participating school districts. District oversight of the BCTHS operations is the responsibility of the joint board. The District's share of operating costs for the BCTHS fluctuates based on the District's percentage of enrollment. The District share of operating costs for 2021-2022 was \$749,915.

#### **Bucks County Technical School Authority**

The District and five other Bucks County school districts also participate in a joint venture for the operation of the Bucks County Technical School Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority oversees acquiring, holding, constructing, improving and maintaining the BCTHS school buildings. The Authority is controlled by a joint board comprised of representative school board members of the participating school districts in the BCTHS. During 2021-2022, the participating school districts entered into a long-term lease agreement with the Authority to provide rental payments sufficient to retire the Authority's outstanding School Revenue Bonds, Series of 2022. The agreement expires on June 30, 2042 unless the related debt is retired earlier. The District's share of rent expense for 2021-2022 was \$0.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2022

The District's future annual lease payments to the Authority are as follows:

#### Year ending June 30,

2023	\$ 9,465
2024	11,336
2025	11,437
2026	11,420
2027	11,395
2028-2032	56,990
2033-2037	56,827
2038-2042	56,839
	<u>\$225,709</u>

Both the BCTHS and the Authority prepare financial statements that are available to the public from their administrative offices located at 610 Wistar Road, Fairless Hills, PA 19030.

#### **Bucks County Intermediate Unit**

The District and the other Bucks County school districts are participating members of the Bucks County Intermediate Unit (the "BCIU"). The BCIU is a regional educational service agency, established by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which is governed by a joint committee consisting of School Board members from each participating district. The School Board of each participating district must approve the annual operating budget of the BCIU but the participating districts have no ongoing fiduciary interest or responsibility to the BCIU. The BCIU is a self-sustaining organization that provides a broad array of services to participating districts which include: curriculum development and instructional improvement; educational planning services; instructional material; continuing professional development; pupil personnel services; management services and state and federal liaison services.

#### (13) CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### **Government Grants and Awards**

The District receives federal, state and local funding under a number of programs. Payments made by these sources under contractual agreements are provisional and subject to redetermination based on filing of reports and audits of those reports. Final settlements due from or to these sources are recorded in the year in which the related services are performed. Any adjustments resulting from subsequent examinations are recognized in the year in which the results of such examinations become known. District officials do not expect any significant adjustments as a result of these examinations.

#### **Litigation**

The District is a defendant in various matters of litigation and claims. These matters result from the normal course of business. It is not presently possible to determine the ultimate outcome or settlement cost, if any of these matters.

#### (14) RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs including workers compensation. For insured programs, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverages during 2021-2022. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### June 30, 2022

The District participates in a consortium with other participating school districts and educational agencies from Montgomery and Bucks County to provide self-insurance programs for health and prescription insurance coverage and related expenses for eligible employees, spouses and dependents. Accordingly benefit payments plus an administrative charge are made to a third party administrator, who approves and processes all claims. Since the District has not transferred its risk to the other participants in the consortium, GASB requires that it recognize and measure its claims, liabilities and related expenses. The District accounts for its participation in the consortium in an Internal Service Fund in the accompanying financial statements. The following table presents the components of the self-insurance medical claims liability and the related changes in the claims liability for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Insurance claims surplus (liability) – beginning of year	\$ 609,850	\$ 478,161
Current year insurance claims and changes in estimates	1,622,613	1,626,339
Insurance claims paid	<u>(1,309,641</u> )	(1,494,650)
Insurance claims surplus (liability) - end of year	\$ 922,822	\$ 609,850

#### (15) PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 "Leases", the District made a prior period adjustment to record net position for an equipment lease asset and associated lease liability.

These prior period adjustments and its effect on net position at July 1, 2021 was an increase in net capital assets of \$69,244 and an increase in lease liabilities of \$70,598.

#### (16) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through May 22, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. Except as noted below, no material subsequent events have occurred since June 30, 2022 that required recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

July 1, 2022, the District issued a \$1,000,000 Tax Revenue Anticipation Note ("*TRAN*") with an interest rate of 3.390% which matures on June 30, 2023. The TRAN was issued as a short-term borrowing for cash flow purposes in the General Fund in anticipation of future tax revenue and was repaid in January, 2023.



#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND**

Year ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 14,066,506	\$ 14,066,506	\$ 14,122,714	\$ 56,208
State sources	6,685,735	6,685,735	7,582,424	896,689
Federal sources	1,705,181	1,705,181	2,350,886	645,705
Total revenues	22,457,422	22,457,422	24,056,024	1,598,602
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Regular programs	7,791,482	7,791,482	9,386,689	(1,595,207)
Special programs	6,649,108	6,649,108	7,158,625	(509,517)
Vocational programs	846,548	846,548	845,350	1,198
Other instructional programs Nonpublic school programs	7,500	7,500	2,602 6,587	4,898 (6,587)
Total instruction	15,294,638	15,294,638	17,399,853	(2,105,215)
Support services				
Pupil support services	720,380	720,380	944,700	(224,320)
Instructional staff services	233,813	233,813	116,068	117,745
Administrative services	1,448,252	1,448,252	1,406,324	41,928
Pupil health	188,281	188,281	208,221	(19,940)
Business services	323,362	323,362	395,124	(71,762)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,073,048	1,073,048	1,258,546	(185,498)
Student transportation services	482,569	482,569	662,792	(180,223)
Support services - central	579,765	579,765	609,499	(29,734)
Other support services			39,296	(39,296)
Total support services	5,049,470	5,049,470	5,640,570	(591,100)
Operation of noninstructional services				
Student activities	487,275	487,275	265,907	221,368
Community services	75,000	75,000	119,635	(44,635)
Total operation of noninstructional services	562,275	562,275	385,542	176,733
Debt service	753,039	753,039	760,026	(6,987)
Total expenditures	21,659,422	21,659,422	24,185,991	(2,526,569)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	798,000	798,000	(129,967)	(927,967)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of/compensation for capital assets	600,000	600,000	_	(600,000)
Transfers out	(600,000)		(15,478)	584,522
Budgetary reserve	(798,000)	(798,000)	-	798,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(798,000)	(798,000)	(15,478)	782,522
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	(145,445)	<u>\$ (145,445)</u>
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year			(1,458,741)	
End of year			\$ (1,604,186)	
,			<u>* (1,00 r,100)</u>	

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - PSERS

#### Year ended June 30

	Measurement Date							
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of	0.0543%	0.0561%	0.0594%	0.0579%	0.0557%	0.0525%	0.0497%	0.0537%
the net pension liability	\$ 22,293,804	\$ 27,623,088	\$ 27,788,869	\$ 27,794,875	\$ 27,509,342	\$ 26,017,000	\$ 21,528,000	\$ 21,255,000
District's covered-employee payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-	\$ 7,707,413	\$ 7,831,144	\$ 8,185,078	\$ 7,793,352	\$ 7,419,744	\$ 6,794,762	\$ 6,390,711	\$ 6,851,026
employee payroll	289.25%	352.73%	339.51%	356.65%	370.76%	382.90%	336.86%	310.25%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	63.67%	54.32%	55.66%	54.00%	52.00%	50.00%	54.00%	57.00%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - PSERS

#### Year ended June 30

	Measurement Date									
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>		
Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 2,580,510	\$ 2,620,795	\$ 2,660,072	\$ 2,456,887	\$ 2,130,474	\$ 1,670,000	\$ 1,283,000	\$ 1,070,000		
required contribution	2,580,510	2,620,795	2,660,072	2,456,887	2,130,474	1,670,000	1,283,000	1,096,350		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,350)		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,707,413	\$ 7,831,144	\$ 8,185,078	\$ 7,793,352	\$ 7,419,744	\$ 6,794,762	\$ 6,390,711	\$ 6,851,026		
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	33.48%	33.47%	32.50%	31.53%	28.71%	25.00%	20.00%	16.00%		

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY - SINGLE EMPLOYER PLAN

#### Year ended June 30

	2022		2021		2020		2019		<u>2018</u>	
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY										
Service cost	\$	56,345	\$	40,251	\$	33,463	\$	30,930	\$	40,612
Interest on total OPEB liability		14,155		22,388		13,274		13,511		13,092
Differences between expected and										
actual experience		(84,062)		-		231,365		-		-
Changes of assumptions		(21,771)		82,444		(18,480)		(388)		(91,354)
Benefit payments		(65,812)		(67,268)		(19,887)		(48,105)		(45,169)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(101,145)		77,815		239,735		(4,052)		(82,819)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	_	740,302		662,487	_	422,752		426,804	_	509,623
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	639,157	\$	740,302	\$	662,487	\$	422,752	\$	426,804
Fiduciary net position as a % of total										
OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Covered payroll	\$	7,289,949	\$	7,785,479	\$	7,785,479	\$	7,689,807	\$	7,689,807
Net OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll		8.77%		9.51%		8.51%		5.50%		5.55%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY -PSERS

#### Year ended June 30

	Measurement Date									
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2017					
District's proportion of the net OPEB										
liability	0.0544%	0.0558%	0.0594%	0.0579%	0.0557%					
District's proportionate share of the										
net OPEB liability	\$ 1,289,325	\$ 1,205,669	\$ 1,263,344	\$ 1,207,185	\$ 1,134,838					
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,707,413	\$ 7,831,144	\$ 8,185,078	\$ 7,793,352	\$ 7,419,744					
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage										
of its covered-employee payroll	16.73%	15.40%	15.43%	15.49%	15.29%					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB										
liability	5.30%	5.69%	5.56%	5.56%	6.00%					

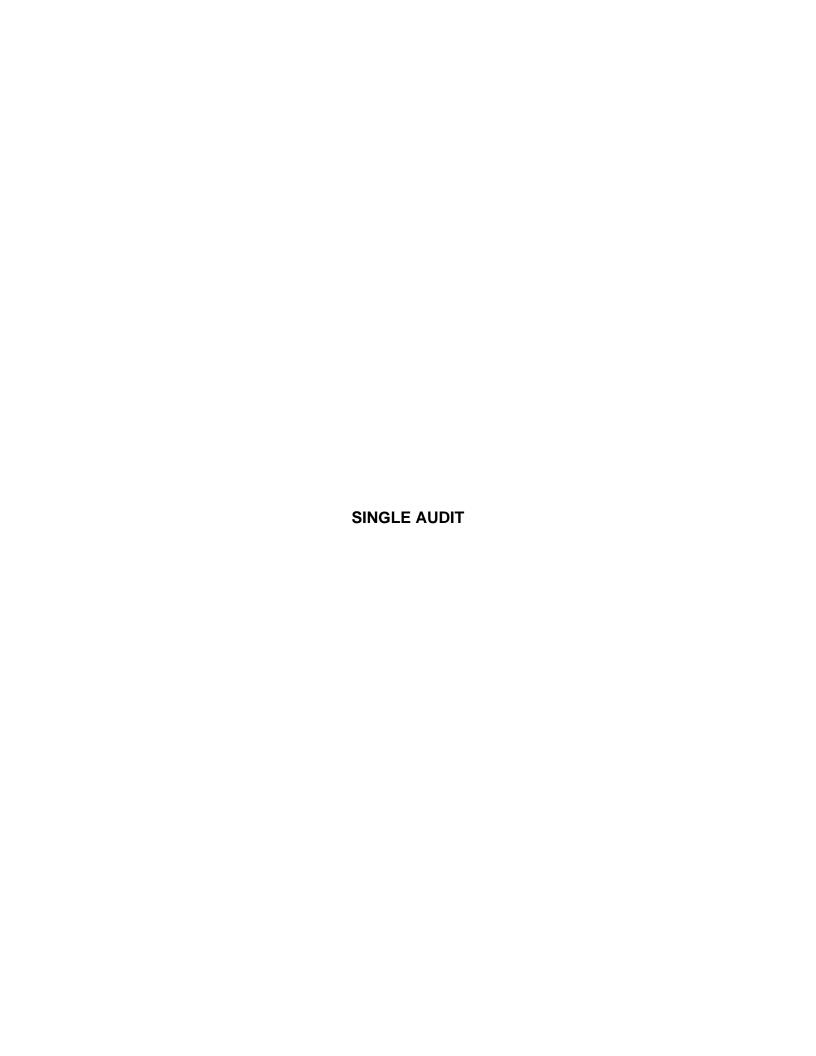
In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - PSERS

#### Year ended June 30

	Measurement Date										
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>						
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 63,303	\$ 65,689	\$ 68,055	\$ 64,688	\$ 48,494						
contractually required contribution	63,303	65,689	68,055	64,688	48,494						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-						
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,707,413	\$ 7,831,144	\$ 8,185,078	\$ 7,793,352	\$ 7,419,744						
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.82%	0.84%	0.83%	0.83%	0.65%						

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.



#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND CERTAIN STATE GRANTS

Year ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source Code	Federal ALN <u>Number</u>	Pass- Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Grant <u>Amount</u>	Total Received for Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2021	Revenue <u>Recognized</u>	<b>Expenditures</b>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2022	Passed Through to <u>Subrecipients</u>
U.S. Department of Education											
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania <u>Department of Education</u>											
Title I - Improving Basic Programs	1	84.010	013-210267	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	\$ 225,205	\$ 44,060	\$ 73,433	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,373	\$ -
Title I - Improving Basic Programs	I	84.010	013-220267	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	286,299	209,953		286,299	286,299	76,346	
Total ALN #84.010						254,013	73,433	286,299	286,299	105,719	
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	1	84.367	020-210267	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	33,834	6,637	11,062	-	-	4,425	-
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	I	84.367	020-220267	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	40,032	29,357		40,032	40,032	10,675	
Total ALN #84.367						35,994	11,062	40,032	40,032	15,100	
Title III - Language Instruction LEP/ Immigrant Students Title III - Language Instruction LEP/	1	84.365	010-210267	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	13,506	2,701	4,502	-	-	1,801	-
Immigrant Students	ı	84.365	010-220267	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	11,834	8,678		11,834	11,834	3,156	
Total ALN #84.365						11,379	4,502	11,834	11,834	4,957	<u> </u>
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Achievement	1	84.424	144-210267	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	17,647	3,529	5,882	-	-	2,353	-
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Achievement	I	84.424	144-220267	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	16,919	12,407		16,919	16,919	4,512	
Total ALN #84.424						15,936	5,882	16,919	16,919	6,865	
21st Century Community Learning Centers 21st Century Community Learning Centers	I I	84.287 84.287	#41-000071647 #41-000078112	01/01/21 - 12/31/21 10/01/20 - 09/30/21	473,688 473,405	237,472 177,401	50,499 43,388	186,973 134,013	186,973 134,013	-	151,879 81,187
21st Century Community Learning Centers 21st Century Community Learning Centers	i	84.287	#41-000078112	10/01/20 - 09/30/21	473,405	187,816	45,500	244,648	244,648	56,832	228,581
Total ALN #84.287		01.201	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10,01,21	,	602,689	93,887	565,634	565,634	56,832	461,647
COVID-19 CARES Act - ESSER Fund Local COVID-19 ARP ESSER	1	84.425D 84.425U	200-210267 223-210267	03/13/20 - 09/30/23 03/13/20 - 09/30/24	831,298 1,681,476	103,368 122,289	9,981 -	93,387 809,000	93,387 809,000	- 686,711	-
COVID-19 ARP ESSER 7%	ļ.	84.425U	225-210267	03/13/20 - 09/30/24	130,689	130,689	-	53,015	53,015	(77,674)	-
COVID-19 ARP ESSER Homeless Children and Youth	I	84.425W	181-212269	07/01/21 - 09/30/24	14,456	1,112	-	3,335	3,335	2,223	-

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source <u>Code</u>	Federal ALN <u>Number</u>	Pass- Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Grant <u>Amount</u>	Total Received for Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2021	Revenue <u>Recognized</u>	<b>Expenditures</b>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2022	Passed Through to <u>Subrecipients</u>
Passed Through the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency											
COVID-19 ESSER School Health and Safety Grant	I	84.425D	2020-ES-01 35160	03/13/20 - 09/30/22	30,218	20,841	8,605	12,236	12,236		
Total ALN #84.425						378,299	18,586	970,973	970,973	611,260	
Passed Through the Bucks County I.U.											
I.D.E.A Part B, Section 611	1	84.027	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	227,153	227,153	-	227,153	227,153	-	-
COVID-19 I.D.E.A Part B, Section 611 - ARP	I	84.027	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	49,102	49,102		49,102	49,102		
Total ALN #84.027						276,255		276,255	276,255		
I.D.E.A Part B, Section 619	I	84.173	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	459	459		459	459		
Total U.S. Department of Education						1,575,024	207,352	2,168,405	2,168,405	800,733	461,647
U.S. Department of Treasury											
Passed-Through Bucks County											
COVID-19 ARPA	1	21.027	N/A	03/03/21 - 12/31/24	579,185			74,433	74,433	74,433	
U.S. Department of Health and Social Services											
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania <u>Department of Human Services</u>											
Medical Assistance Program	I	93.778	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	10,737		10,737	10,737		
U.S. Department of Justice Passed-Through the Borough of Morrisville											
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	1	16.710	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	13,028	13,028	13,028	-	-	_	_
U.S. Department of Agriculture											
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania <u>Department of Education</u>											
State Matching Share	S	N/A	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	1,961	1,961	-	-	-	-
State Matching Share	S	N/A	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	11,191		13,872	13,872	2,681	
Total State Matching Share						13,152	1,961	13,872	13,872	2,681	<del></del>

		Federal	Pass- Through	Grant Period		Total	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue			Accrued (Deferred) Revenue	Passed Through
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source Code	ALN <u>Number</u>	Grantor's Number	Beginning/ Ending Dates	Grant <u>Amount</u>	Received for Year	July 1, 2021	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	June 30, 2022	to <u>Subrecipients</u>
P-EBT Local Admin Funds	1	10.649		07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	614		614	614		
Breakfast Program	1	10.553	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	19,260	19,260	-	-	-	-
Breakfast Program	1	10.553	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	58,075		72,692	72,692	14,617	
Total ALN #10.553						77,335	19,260	72,692	72,692	14,617	
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	30,434	30,434	-	-	-	-
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	354,219	-	432,249	432,249	78,030	-
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture											
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	28,432		28,432	28,432		
Total ALN #10.555						413,085	30,434	460,681	460,681	78,030	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture						504,186	51,655	547,859	547,859	95,328	
Total Federal Awards and Certain State Grants						\$ 2,102,975	\$ 272,035	\$ 2,801,434	\$ 2,801,434	\$ 970,494	<u>\$ 461,647</u>
Total Federal Awards Total State Awards						\$ 2,089,823 13,152	\$ 270,074 1,961	\$ 2,787,562 13,872	\$ 2,787,562 13,872	\$ 967,813	\$ 461,647
										2,681	
Total Federal Awards and Certain State Grants						\$ 2,102,975	\$ 272,035	\$ 2,801,434	\$ 2,801,434	<u>\$ 970,494</u>	<u>\$ 461,647</u>
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) (ALN's #84.027 and	l #84.173)					\$ 276,714	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 276,714	\$ 276,714	<u> </u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Child Nutrition Cluster (ALN's #10.553 and #10.555)						\$ 490,420	\$ 49,694	\$ 533,373	\$ 533,373	\$ 92,647	<u>\$ -</u>

- Source Codes
  D Direct Funding
  I Indirect Funding
  S State Share

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND CERTAIN STATE GRANTS

June 30, 2022

#### (1) FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Certain State Grants reflects federal expenditures for all individual grants which were active during the fiscal year. Additionally, the Schedule reflects expenditures for certain state grants.

#### (2) BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District uses the modified accrual method of recording transactions except as noted for the accounting of donated commodities in Note 3. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when incurred.

#### (3) NONMONETARY FEDERAL AWARDS - DONATED FOOD

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania distributes federal surplus food to institutions (schools, hospitals and prisons) and to the needy. Expenditures reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Certain State Grants under Assistance Listing #10.555, USDA Donated Commodities, represent federal surplus food consumed by the District during the 2021-2022 fiscal year.

#### (4) ACCESS PROGRAM

The District participates in the ACCESS Program which is a medical assistance program that reimburses local educational agencies for direct eligible health-related services provided to enrolled special needs students. Reimbursements are federal source revenues but are classified as fee-for-service and are not considered federal financial assistance. The amount of ACCESS funding recognized for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$103,817.

#### (5) INDIRECT COSTS

The District has expended amounts claimed as an indirect cost recovery using an approved indirect cost rate. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS**

Year ended June 30, 2022	
There were no audit findings for the year ended June 30, 2021.	



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of School Directors School District of Borough of Morrisville Morrisville, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of School District of Borough of Morrisville, Morrisville, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise School District of Borough of Morrisville's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 22, 2023.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether School District of Borough of Morrisville's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BBD, LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania May 22, 2023



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of School Directors School District of Borough of Morrisville Morrisville, Pennsylvania

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the School District of Borough of Morrisville's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School District of Borough of Morrisville's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the School District of Borough of Morrisville complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District of Borough of Morrisville and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District of Borough of Morrisville's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District of Borough of Morrisville's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District of Borough of Morrisville's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding the School District of Borough of Morrisville's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over compliance
  relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
  and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's
  internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BBD, LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania May 22, 2023

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2022

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the School District of Borough of Morrisville were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements of the School
  District of Borough of Morrisville are reported in the independent auditor's report on internal control over financial
  reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in
  accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the School District of Borough of Morrisville, which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over the major federal award programs are reported in the independent auditor's report on compliance for each major program and on internal control over compliance required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the School District of Borough of Morrisville expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a).
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were:
  - Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary Education Assistance Listing #84.425
- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The School District of Borough of Morrisville did qualify as a low-risk auditee.

#### FINDINGS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

#### FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS—MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None